



**International
Standard**

ISO/IEC 14888-4

**Information security — Digital
signatures with appendix —**

**Part 4:
Stateful hash-based mechanisms**

*Sécurité de l'information — Signatures digitales avec
appendice —*

Partie 4: Mécanismes basés sur le hachage dynamique

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Foreword

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A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 14888 series can be found on the ISO and IEC websites.

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Introduction

Digital signatures with appendix are designed to offer integrity, authentication and non-repudiation. ISO/IEC 14888-2 specifies the class of digital signature mechanisms in which the security is based on the difficulty of integer factorization. ISO/IEC 14888-3 specifies the class in which the security is based on computing discrete logarithms. Unfortunately, if and when a large-scale general purpose quantum computer becomes available, all of these techniques will no longer be secure for practical key sizes.^[1]

This document specifies a class of digital signatures whose security depends only on the security of the underlying hash function. At the time of publication of this document, standardized hash functions are believed to be secure even against attacks using large scale quantum computers. Hence, the schemes specified in this document do not suffer from the same problems as the schemes specified in ISO/IEC 14888-2 and ISO/IEC 14888-3.

The hash-based signature (HBS) schemes specified in this document are stateful schemes, whereby the private key is part of the state of the scheme. This means that at every signature generation, state information held by the signer must be updated, as otherwise the security of the scheme is compromised. Therefore, when deploying any of the schemes specified in this document, it is expected that robust state-management practices are implemented to ensure that state information is correctly updated.

Information security — Digital signatures with appendix —

Part 4: Stateful hash-based mechanisms

1 Scope

This document specifies stateful digital signature mechanisms with appendix, where the level of security is determined by the security properties of the underlying hash function.

This document also provides requirements for implementing basic state management, which is needed for the secure deployment of the stateful schemes described in this document.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.